

Portable Generator Safety

Portable generators help make our lives a little more tolerable during periods of extended power outages, especially during hurricane season. However, those benefits don't come without risk.

Portable generators create Carbon Monoxide (CO) as a product of combustion. CO is a colorless and odorless gas that can quickly cause negative health effects, including death. .

A few key safety rules to follow when using a portable generator include:

- 1. Always follow the manufacturer's recommendations to safely operate the generator.
- 2. Install at least one carbon monoxide alarm in the residence to alert you if fumes are building up.
- 3. Monitor wind direction. Even with sufficient separation, wind can push CO into a house, especially if doors or windows are open due to a power outage.
- 4. Never operate a portable generator inside any building, under an overhang, or on a roof of a structure.
- 5. Refuel the generator AFTER it has cooled down and AWAY from all ignition sources
- 6. Store flammable liquids/gasoline (maximum 10 gallons) only in approved and tightly capped containers.
- 7. Use remaining fuel in your car after the power is restored to limit the risk of fire or explosion in your home.
- 8. Never back feed the portable generator into the Clothes Dryer outlet. Use a licensed electrical contractor to install proper hook-up devices.
- 9. In accordance to the Palm Beach County Fire Code, "**Portable combustion engines shall not be located within 20 feet of a building or rooftop**" and the exhaust should always be directed away from the building structure.







